

# A Case Study on Citation Accuracy:

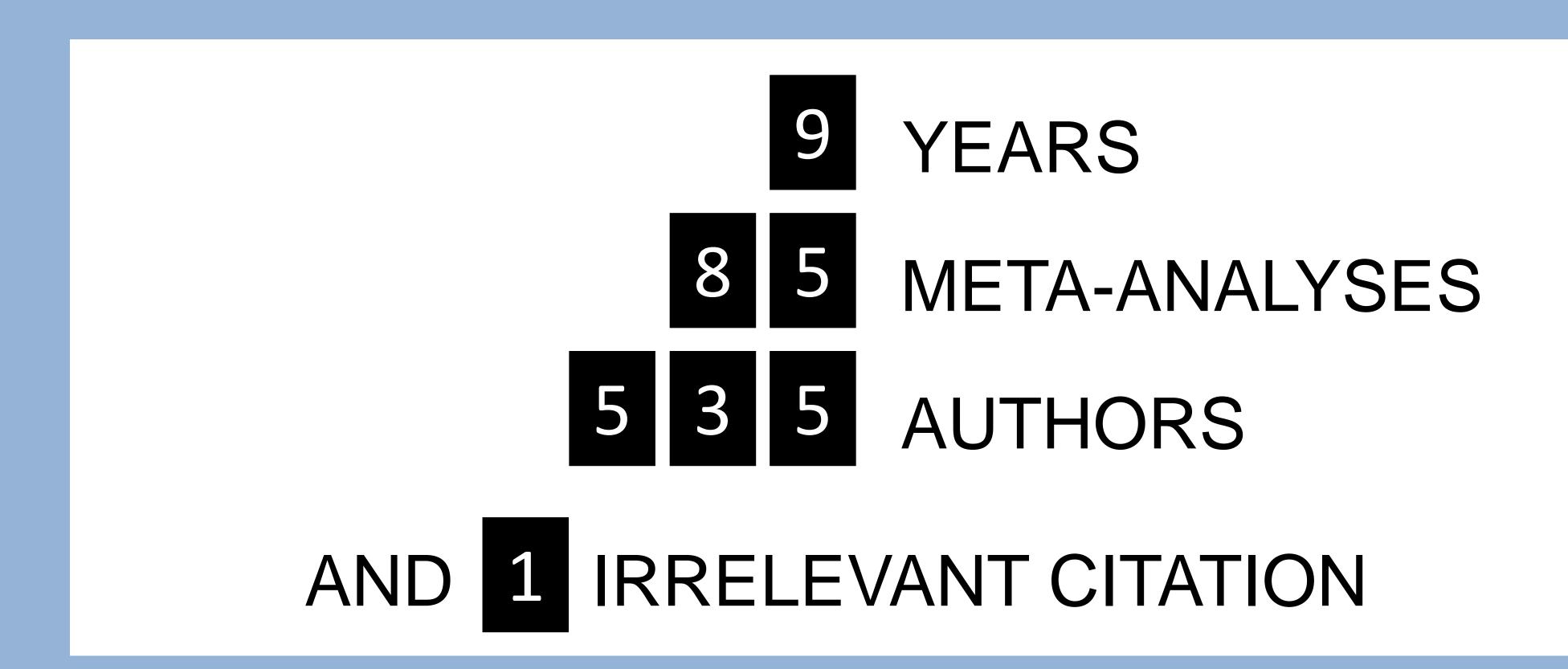
## The Letter That "Became" a Research Article

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### Introduction

- -Since its publication in 2006, a two-paragraph letter by Handoll H.H. on the need for Cochrane reviews on rehabilitation interventions<sup>1</sup> has been repeatedly cited erroneously in meta-analyses of genetic risk factors as a reference for the Q test for heterogeneity.<sup>2</sup>
- -In order to understand how this error started, evolved and lasted throughout the years, a citation and publication analysis of the citing articles was done.
- -Scopus, Web of Science and Google Scholar were used.



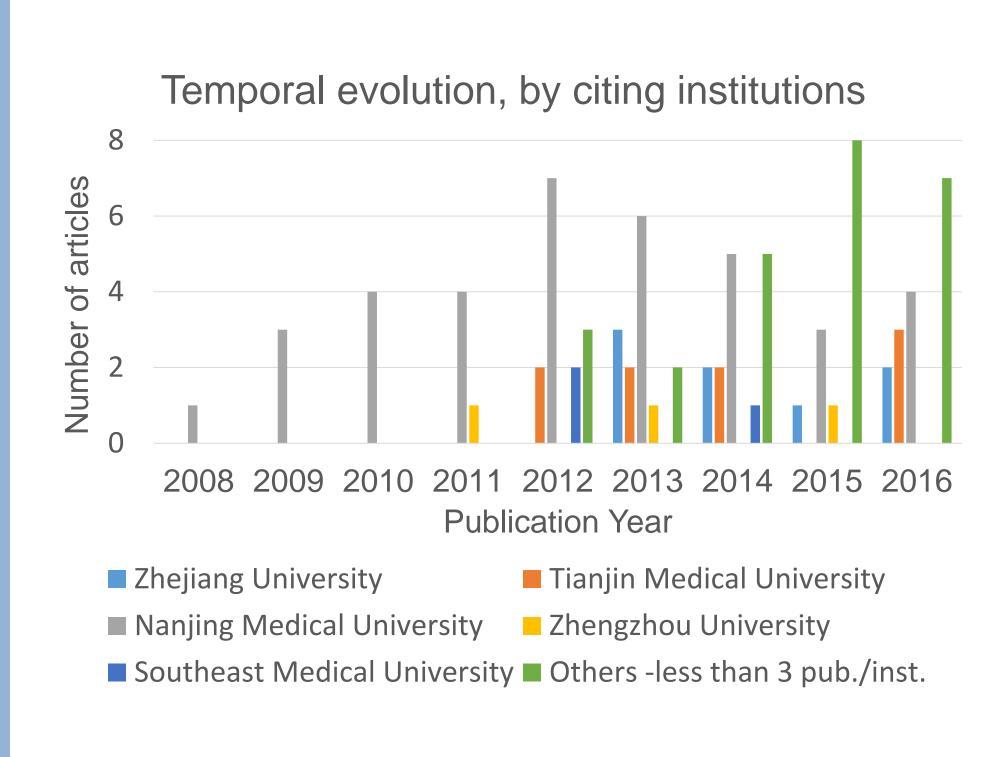
### Journals

Journals	Publisher	Nb of	Peer -	Medline
		publications	reviewed	
Asian Pac J Cancer Prev	APJCP	2	N	Υ
BMC Cancer	BMC	3	Y	Υ
<b>Breast Cancer Res Treat</b>	Springer	4	Y	Υ
Gene	Elsevier	2	Y	Υ
Genet Mol Res	Ribeirao	5	Y	Υ
Mol Biol Rep	Springer	5	Y	Υ
Mutagenesis	Oxford	3	Y	Υ
Oncotarget	Impact J	3	Y	Υ
Plos ONE	PLOS	19	Y	Υ
Sci Rep	Nature	4	Y	Υ
Tumour Biol	Springer	3	Y	Υ
Others (with one publication)		32	Y (30) / N (2)	Y (28) / N (4)

### **KEY POINTS**

- -97.6 % of articles were peer-reviewed.
- -95.3% of articles were indexed in Medline.
- -Those two elements indicate that the scientific content of the meta-analyses is probably of good or acceptable quality.
- -Reference verification is usually not done during the peer-review process.
- -83.5 % of articles were published in journals using numbered citation styles. With an author-date citation style, the irrelevant reference might have been noticed by reviewers who were well accustomed to meta-analyses' statistical tests and their sources.

### Institutions



### **KEY POINTS**

- -Irrelevant citing started in the Dept. of Molecular and Genetic Toxicology and the Dept. of Epidemiology and Biostatistics, Nanjing Medical University, CN (5 publications, 2008-09).
- -It expanded to other departments (7 publications, 2010-11) and other institutions in China (2011-2016).
- -The highest number of publishing institutions was attained in 2015 and 2016.
- -The highest number of publications was attained in 2016.

# **Information Literacy**

#### Researchers should:

- -Be aware that one-page references might be inaccurate citations in scientific articles.
- -Be aware that a method or a test named for a researcher is usually referenced by a publication by this researcher.
  - 10.6 % of the articles in this case study use the term "Cochran's Q-test" and referenced this with Handoll's citation.
- -Import their references from indexed databases.
  - "No abstract available" mention in Handoll' citation in PubMed is a clear indication that it is probably not a research paper. Publication type is "Letter".
- -Check the relevance and accuracy of their references before submitting a manuscript.
  - Methods are often learned through a different mean than literature, references are then sometimes used without reading the article. This may lead to an irrelevant citation and mislead other researchers to reproduce the error.

### A Final Word

#### An irrelevant citation used...in reply letters

- -Authors of two of the articles in this case study sent letters to the editor in reply to readers' letters suggesting the use of a different *p* value threshold for the Q test.
- -In their reply letters, the authors used again the Handoll's irrelevant citation to justify their choice for the *p* value threshold for the Q test.

### **Countries and Networks**

Countries	Lead authors	Authors	Publication years
China	83	520	2008-2016
Morocco	1	7	2016
Iran	1	5	2016
India	0	2	2012
United States	0	1	2016

### KEY POINTS

- -Publications outside of China are limited to two Chinese institutions' international collaboration (2012, 2016) and two publications by researchers in other countries (2016).
- -Collaboration across the five main publishing institutions in China is present only between two of them.

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